

# Keep the Cash & Coinage Circulating

New Finance Initiative

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Digital economies have a need for trust-less dynamics to be associated with the core functions of being able to barter in an economy and therefore handle monetary transactions that see a medium of exchange between 2 businesses or individuals.

- Keep the cash circulating.
- this thread is to open a conversation towards the importance of cash.

Financial based monetary assets that are consumed inside economies hold trust-less functions that see the mitigation of risk associated with bartering financially in the economy.

The consumption of trust-less functions with money is a profound advantage to the modern day economy and blockchain technology brings forward the advent of more digital inclusion, however there is also cash and coinage as a basic function of trust-less species to consume for economic barter and exchange for goods and services.

The function of having trust-less species is the property that a mutual agreement between 2 individuals or businesses is sold upon agreeing to barter.

An agreement that sees the sustainability of payments and transfers to the economy is the foundation of the based outcome that cash as an asset is in circulation in support of financial stability and inclusion.

Using the underlying function of cash and coinage that serves the motion of having a trust-less alternative to barter with in the economy is primarily the main benefit to keeping cash and coinage in circulation and with the property of being able to transact and transfer monetary based assets with freedom and support that the barter is being sustainably processed.

The objective of making sure payments can be made and that underlying economies are well supported for payment options gives cash and coinage a chance to support further inclusion and liberty as blockchain and CBDC are increasingly becoming part of the payment landscape and going through preliminarily rounds of financing and research and development.

The option to keep cash and coinage in circulation gets fulfilled through the advent of central banks keeping policy and maintaining monetary stability for payments and the case of bartering money in an economy.

Using the ability of cash as a standard of deferred payment promotes understanding the need for trust-less properties with the nature of money that circulates the economy.

The foundations of having a deferred standardised payment rail supports the motion of having economic inclusion for supporting the ability to make payments without the need for a third party to authenticate the transactions or transfer.

The nature of the payments are trust-less because of the promissory guarantors that come with using cash and coinage from its fundamental economic value that is trusted by most individuals and businesses who engage in a medium of exchange in an economy.

The future sustainability of an economy needs to come from looking at fundamental provisional techniques that maintains' stability in payments and economic inclusion and liberty for the participation of economic entities.

Understanding that the need for trust-less payments is the very nature of a standard of deferred payment gives the ability to see why the need for cash and coinage to remain supported in the modern-day economy is based upon central banks continuing to provide the foundational trust in the economies that use physical monetary products.

The promotion of trust-less monetary based products to be used for payments and bartering agreements directs the importance of having stability remain with cash and coinage because of the regional inclusion that comes from having a trust-less nature associated with the functions of money that is manufactured and to be used for transfers and payments of goods and services.

Cash and coinage bring's to the table an alternative money supply that is risk free and trust-less by nature, should it disappear then the economy transcends to a place that has complete out-sourced liability risk to the companies that handle the management of trust in bartering of medium of exchange that happens with 2 or more individuals or businesses begin to transact and transfer monetary based products.

Importance has to be given to the properties of cash and coinage as the foundation of having trust-less money for consumers to use for everyday payments and transfers.

The nature of having trust-less money drives forward the motive of economic inclusion for individuals and businesses with stability at the core of the property to maintain a specific dynamic in the economy that supports inclusion and the diversity of payment options.

A digitalised economy is going to need cash and coinage on hand in times of need for payments to be made physically between individuals and businesses because of the fundamentals that incorporate the appropriate levels of monetary inclusion for the economy and its participants.

A new modern architecture for a financial system can still have traditional methods of payments for consumers to function and engage in payments and transfers in light of the digitalisation that is happening with blockchain and CBDC.

Using cash and coinage to its advantages has to remain a priority for economic stability and inclusion to remain an integral part of the economy from the nature that financial liberties and prosperity can be taken away by third parties who hold all levels of custodianship to the assets that are consumed inside an economy by its participants.

It does not need to be the case that cash and coinage is stripped from the economy and it is up to central banks like the Bank of England to honour the obligation to see economic stability in the functions of cash and coinage and to keep a trust-less nature to the economy that services the foundation of transmissions going with natively issued currency that is used for payments and transfers and handles the deferred payment between a medium of exchange of an individual or business – let's remember the importance of cash and coinage in the economy.

Q: What is your favourite function or property of cash.

accessibility  
privacy  
trustlessness  
P2P transfers